ina they should also leave Africa, #Recismin When we talk about Chinese racism against black Geople, this is the what we are talking about. Majority of Chinese people are racist & their govt encourage & After China infe COVID19, see As a black perion, always ve it at the back of your mind ot allowing th China as leader of the

estions for Navarro: What's behind



# **Global South countries ?**

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the Chinese government doesn't want Africa

BUSINESS China's economy looks to be stabilising.

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## Introduction

- growing competition with the United States
- potential candidate for the role of first world power
- GDP, multiplied by ? in 2021
- geopolitical ambitions with Xi Jinping
- Purpose = the return of China's "true" place in the world.



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#### Unbalanced relations between China and the countries of the South

- Unbalanced economic and political relations
- Risk to lock countries into a problematic specialization of their economy (export of natural resources or agricultural products)
- China as the main trading partner of most countries of the south
- Three major regions of the South have recorded a growing trade deficit with China
  - The existence of a "new Chinese colonialism"
  - Policies in order to strengthen the dependency relationship between China and the South
    - a strategy to strengthen China's economic and political power

China's legitimate position at the center of a world order

He west be world?

United Nations Development Programme in China

Recillent notion

UNDP-China Partnership on South-South and Global Cooperation **2015 Highlights** 



## What China proposes to the countries of the South

- To promote "South-South cooperation"
- To develop "win-win" relations
- A welcome alternative
- Free countries of the South from Western states and major international institutions
- Finance infrastructure projects
- Chinese "neo-colonialism" → do not overestimate it : country continues to face daunting economic and social challenges
- China is still part of the South because of its history and heritage

[Loong Yu is a leading global justice activist in Hong Kong]





- 2014 : Xi Jinping was visiting South America for the second time in 18 months
- sign several agreements
- China = main trading partners on the continent
- to build strong commercial links



#### Why South Africa ?

Latin America is one of the best equipped regions of the world in terms of natural resources, agricultural and energy.

## Southern countries also actors

- Countries of the South are not passive victims of Chinese policies
- They have room to move in relation to China (Burma, Pakistan and Nepal)
- Pekin is an effective alternative to Western hegemony



### **Conclusion**

- Nuance the argument of colonialism and « win-win »
- A cooperation of developing countries with reproduction of structures of subordination and dependence
- Challenge : **unite** the countries of the South

Carrozza, 2021, Legitimizing China's Growing Engagement in African Security: Change within Continuity of Official Discourse 30°

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