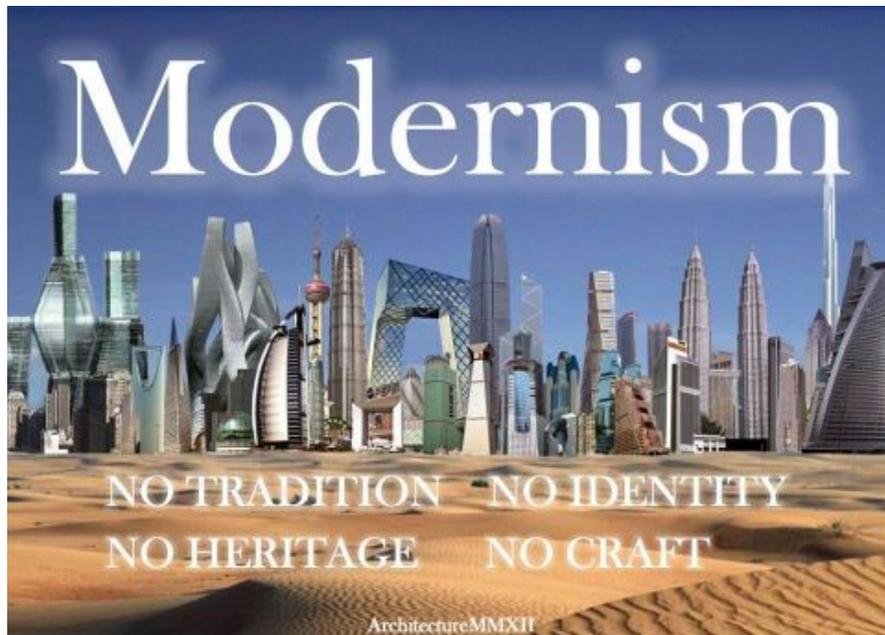


Post/Moderní versus tradiční společnost





NORTH SEA

BALTIC SEA

THE CHANNEL

BLACK SEA

MEDITERRANEAN SEA

MEDITERRANEAN SEA

**PASHALIK OF TRIPOLI
IN AFRICA**

**Kuwait
PELOPONNESIA
Land of GU
Al Hasa**

KINGDOM OF NORWAY

KINGDOM OF SWEDEN

KINGDOM OF DENMARK

Kingdom of GREAT-BRITAIN and IRELAND in union with the Electorate of Hanover

Kingdom of GREAT-BRITAIN and IRELAND in union with the Electorate of Hanover

Kingdom of PRUSSIA

EMPIRE OF ALL RUSSIAS

FRENCH REPUBLIC

AUSTRIAN MONARCHY

OTTOMAN EMPIRE

OTTOMAN EMPIRE

KINGDOM OF PORTUGAL

KINGDOM OF SPAIN

Kingdom of Sardinia

Kingdom of NAPLES

ALGIERS REGENCY

BEYLIK or REGENCY of TUNIS

AND KINGDOM OF MOROCCO

Ain Mahdi

Ulud Sidi Sheikh

Cities of Mzab

Tougourt

Ouargla

EGYPT under french occupation

SANCAK OF ANA

PASHALIK of BAGHDAD

Eyalet of Mosul

Eyalet of Aleppo

Eyalet of Rakka

Eyalet of Hama

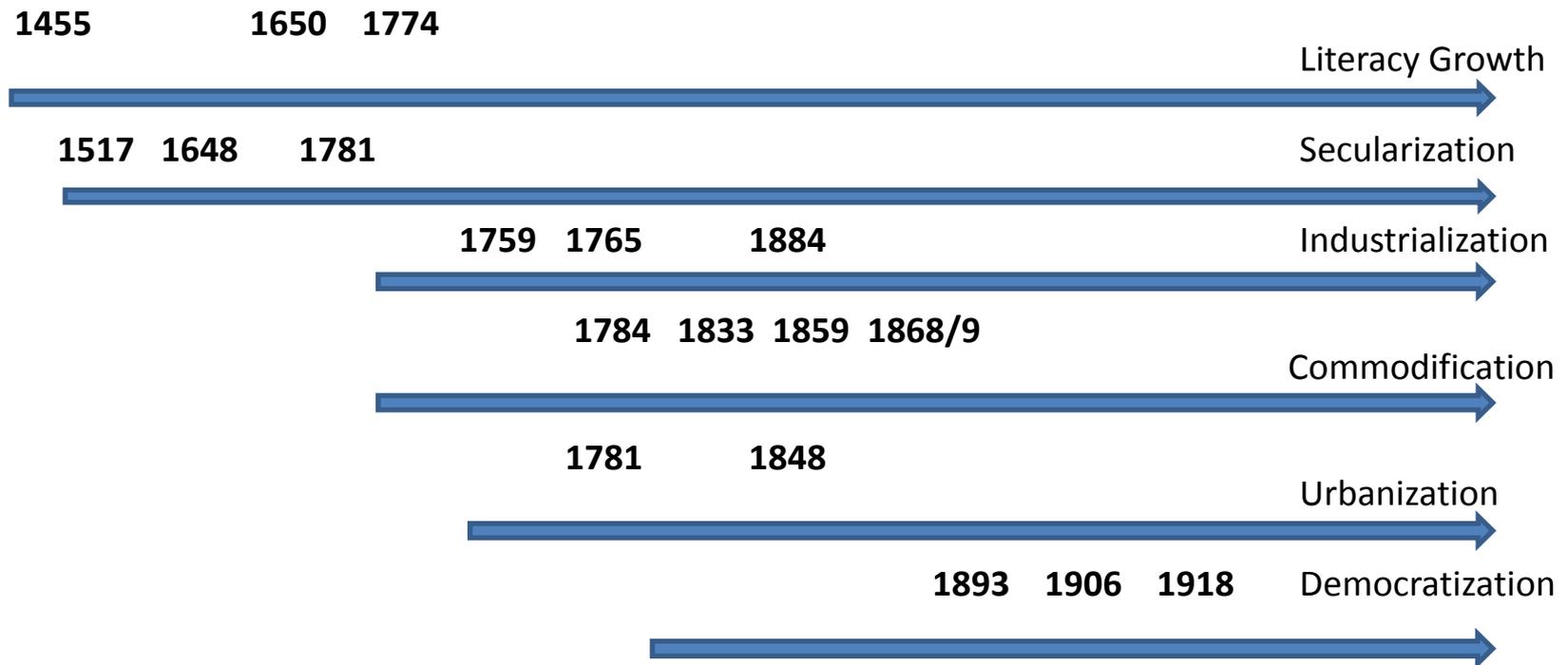
Eyalet of Aleppo

Eyalet of Hama

Eyalet of Aleppo

Eyalet of Hama

Modernizace











NORTH SEA

BALTIC SEA

BLACK SEA

MEDITERRANEAN SEA

MEDITERRANEAN SEA

CASPIAN SEA

KINGDOM OF GREAT-BRITAIN AND IRELAND in union with the Electorate of Hanover

KINGDOM OF DENMARK

KINGDOM OF SWEDEN

KINGDOM OF NORWAY

EMPIRE OF ALL RUSSIAS

Kingdom of PRUSSIA

FRENCH REPUBLIC

AUSTRIAN MONARCHY

AUSTRO-BOHEMIAN LANDS

KINGDOM OF HUNGARY

KINGDOM OF PORTUGAL

KINGDOM OF SPAIN

Kingdom of Sardinia

Kingdom of NAPLES

OTTOMAN EMPIRE

OTTOMAN EMPIRE

AND KINGDOM OF MOROCCO

ALGIERS REGENCY

BEYLIK or REGENCY of TUNIS

PASHALIK OF TRIPOLI IN AFRICA

EGYPT under french occupation

SANCAK OF ANA

Kuwait PERSIA Land of GU AL HASA



NORTH SEA

KINGDOM OF SWEDEN

KINGDOM OF DENMARK

BALTIC SEA

TSARDOM OF MUSCOVY

KINGDOM OF ENGLAND in personal union with Scotland and United Netherlands

Dominions of Brandenburg

COMMONWEALTH OF POLAND AND LITHUANIA in personal union with Saxony

THE CHANNEL

KINGDOM OF FRANCE

Electorate of Bavaria

AUSTRIAN MONARCHY

BLACK SEA

KINGDOM OF PORTUGAL

MEDITERRANEAN SEA

OTTOMAN EMPIRE

MEDITERRANEAN SEA

OTTOMAN EMPIRE

OTTOMAN EMPIRE

CASPIAN SEA

SEFEVID PERSIA

PE... SEA



Lordship of Orkney
CATHNESS
KINGDOM OF SCOTLAND
NORTH SEA

KINGDOM OF NORWAY
UNION OF KALMAR
KINGDOM OF DENMARK
BALTIC SEA

DUCHY OF FINLAND
PRINCIPALITY OF NOVGOROD
Yaroslavl
Rostov
GRAND DUCHY OF VLADIMIR OR MUSCOVY

Ulster
Sligo
MEATH
Ormond
Leinster
KINGDOM OF ENGLAND

Mecklenburg
Brandenburg
CROWN OF BOHEMIA
German Kingdom

DOMINION OF THE TEUTONIC ORDER
GRAND DUCHY OF LITHUANIA AND RUSSIA
KINGDOM OF POLAND AND GRAND-DUCHY OF LITHUANIA

THE CHANNEL
Duchy of Brittany
KINGDOM OF FRANCE
Lorraine

Small States
Gelders
Thur-Meissen
CROWN OF BOHEMIA
Austria

PRINCIPALITY OF RIAZAN
small states of Oka Basin
TERRITORIES OF THE GOLDEN HORDE in struggle

Navarre
KINGDOM OF CASTILE
KINGDOM OF ARAGON
KINGDOM OF PORTUGAL

Provence
Della Rocca
Kingdom of Naples
Kingdom of Sicily

PRINCIPALITY OF WALLACHIA
Roman Empire
OTTOMAN SULTANATE
Empire of Trebizond

KINGDOM OF GRANADA
ZAYYANID KINGDOM
KINGDOM OF THE MARINIDS

Emirate of the Zab
Gafsa and Tozeur
Banu Sulaym

OTTOMAN SULTANATE OF ROME
Kingdom of Cyprus
EMPIRE OF THE ILKHANS JALAYRIDS
DOMINION OF EMIR TIMUR called Tamburlan

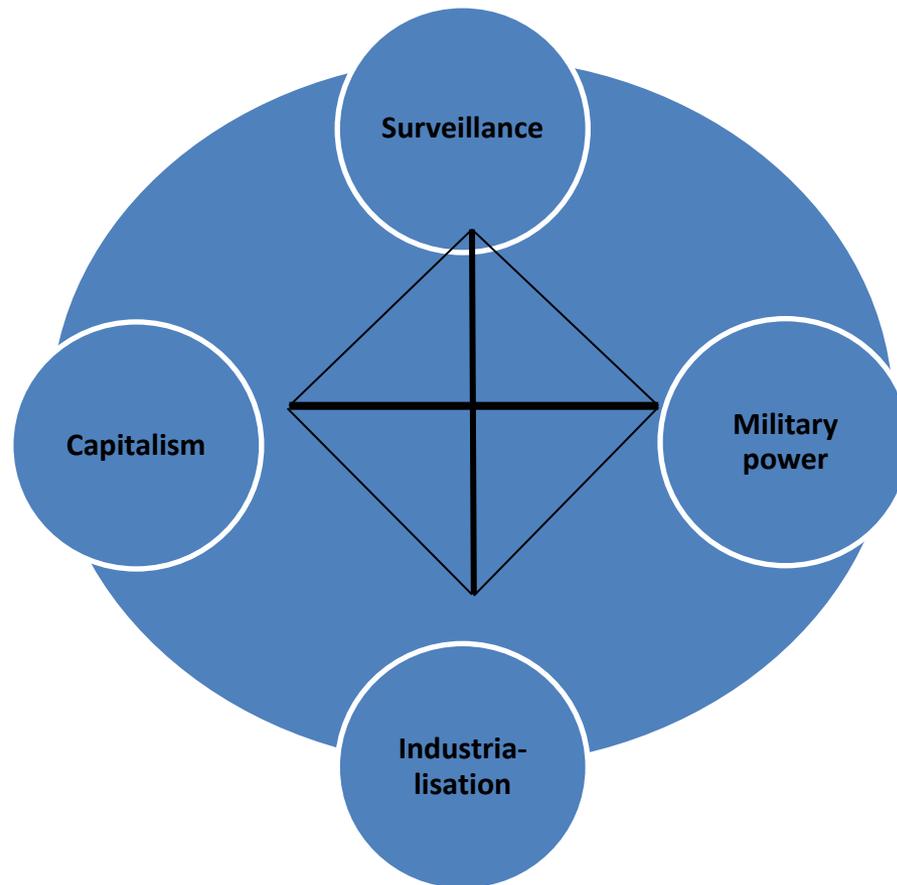


Důležité pojmy

- Časo-prostorové rozpojení
- Vyvazující mechanismy
 - Expertní systémy (vlak, telegraf, telefon, satelit...)
 - Symbolické znaky (peníze, jazyk...)

The Institutional Dimensions of Modernity

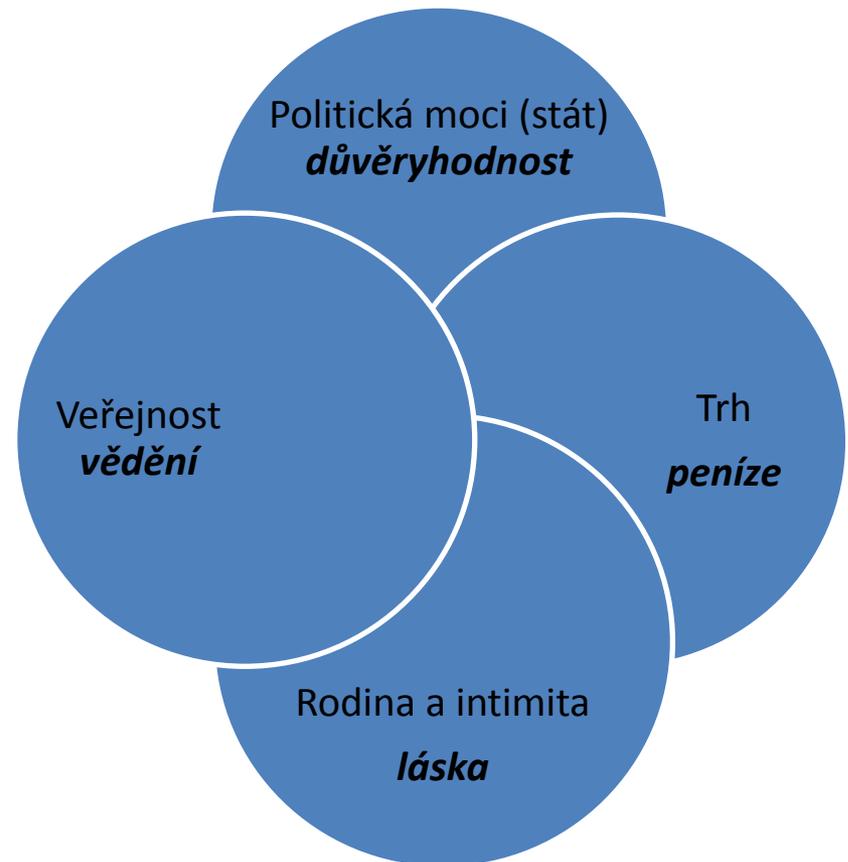
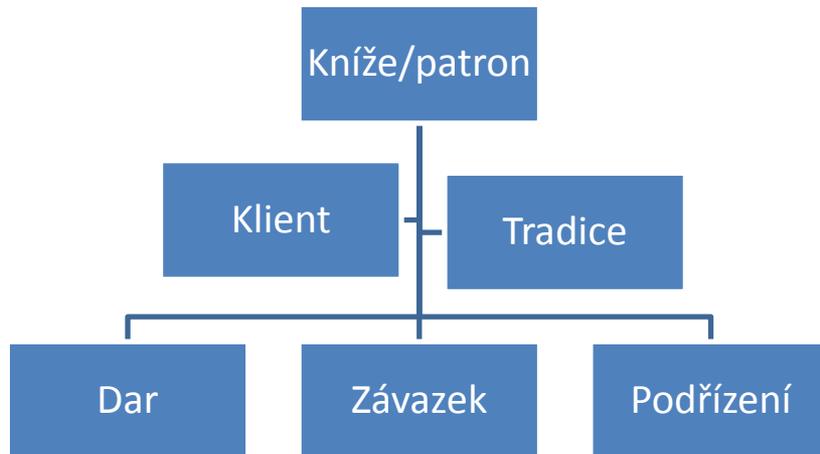
Anthony Giddens



Perspektiva sociální diferenciacce

Patronáž versus instituce

Univerzalizující média moci (Niklas Luhmann)



Klientelismus/tradiční společnost	Liberalismus/moderní společnost
Sociální hierarchie	Právní rovnost
Přátelství a nerovnost/neformálnost	Občanství/formálnost/instituce
Panství: tradice, charisma	Panství legální: právo, spravedlnost
Patrimoniální správa, vrchnost	Byrokratická správa
Pozemková držba	Soukromé/veřejné právo
Feudalismus, plebejství	Trh, soutěž
Dar, samozásobitelství	Monetární směna
Patronáž/podřízenost	Autonomie/partnerství
Strach/specifická reciprocita	Důvěra/obecná reciprocita
Bonding social capital/mechanická solidarita	Bridging social capital/organická solidarita



Francis Coppola, Godfather 1972, 1974, 1990

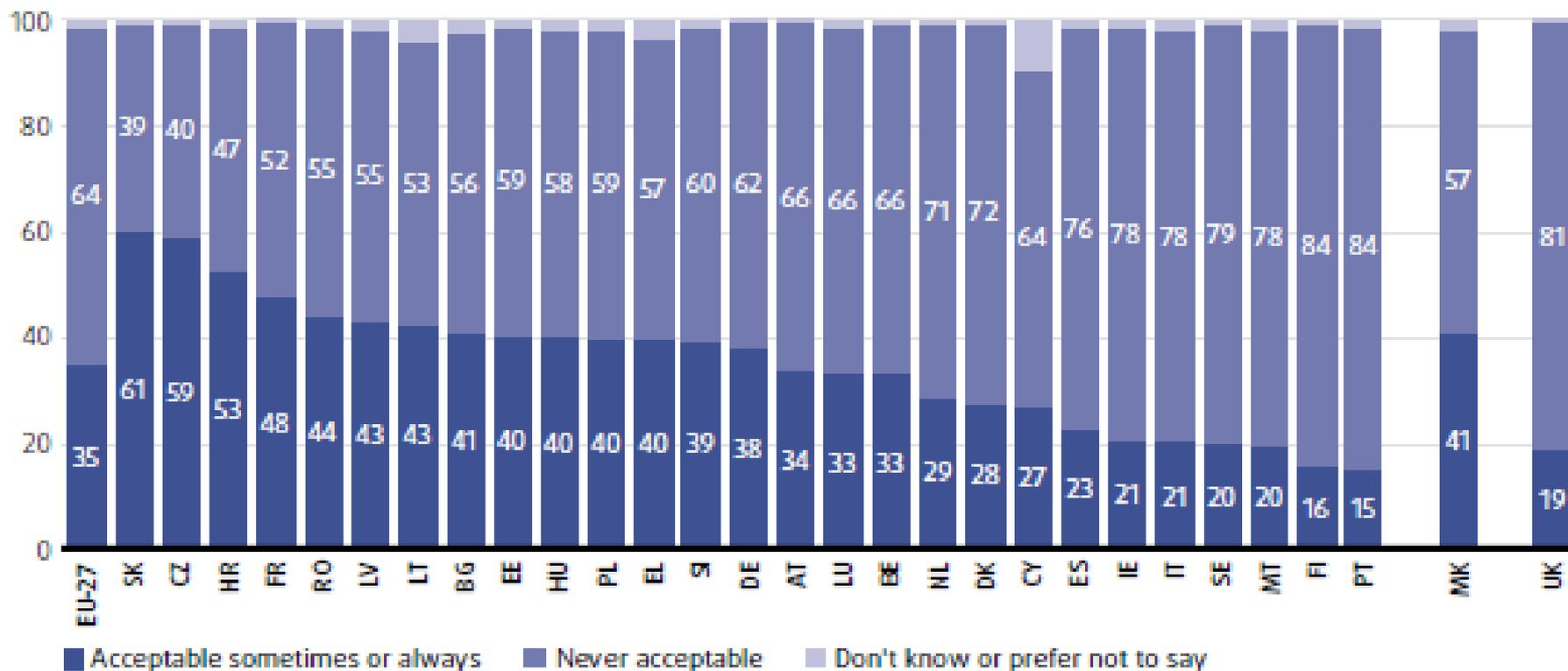




Jaká je česká společnost?

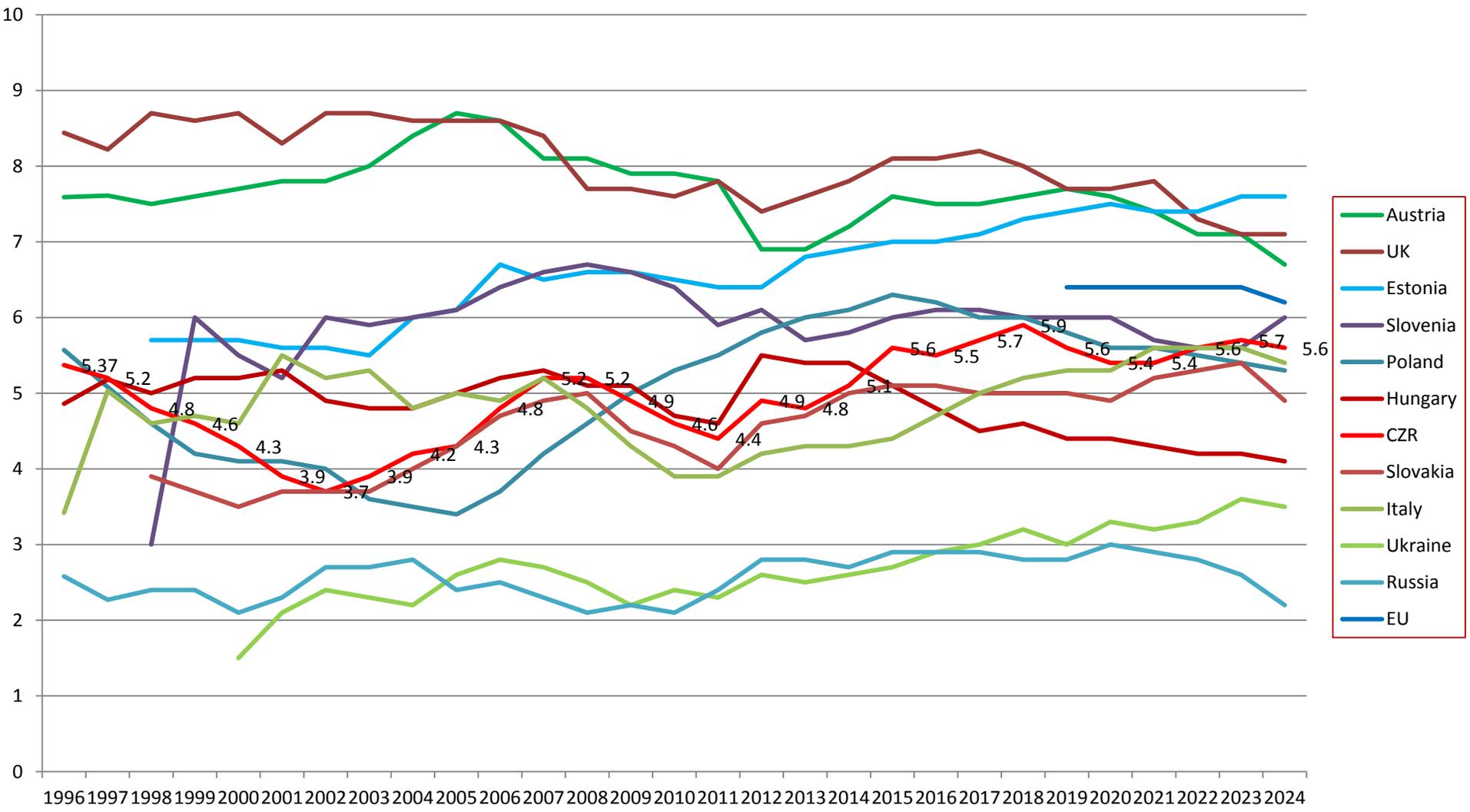
Klientelismus x formální pravidla

FIGURE 24: VIEWS ON ACCEPTABILITY OF GIVING A GIFT TO OR DOING A FAVOUR FOR A PUBLIC OFFICIAL OR CIVIL SERVANT IF NEED SOMETHING URGENTLY FROM THEM, BY COUNTRY (%)



Source: FRA, Fundamental Rights Survey 2019 [Data collection in cooperation with CBS (NL), CTIE (LU) and Statistics Austria (AT)]

Index vnímání korupce (TI)

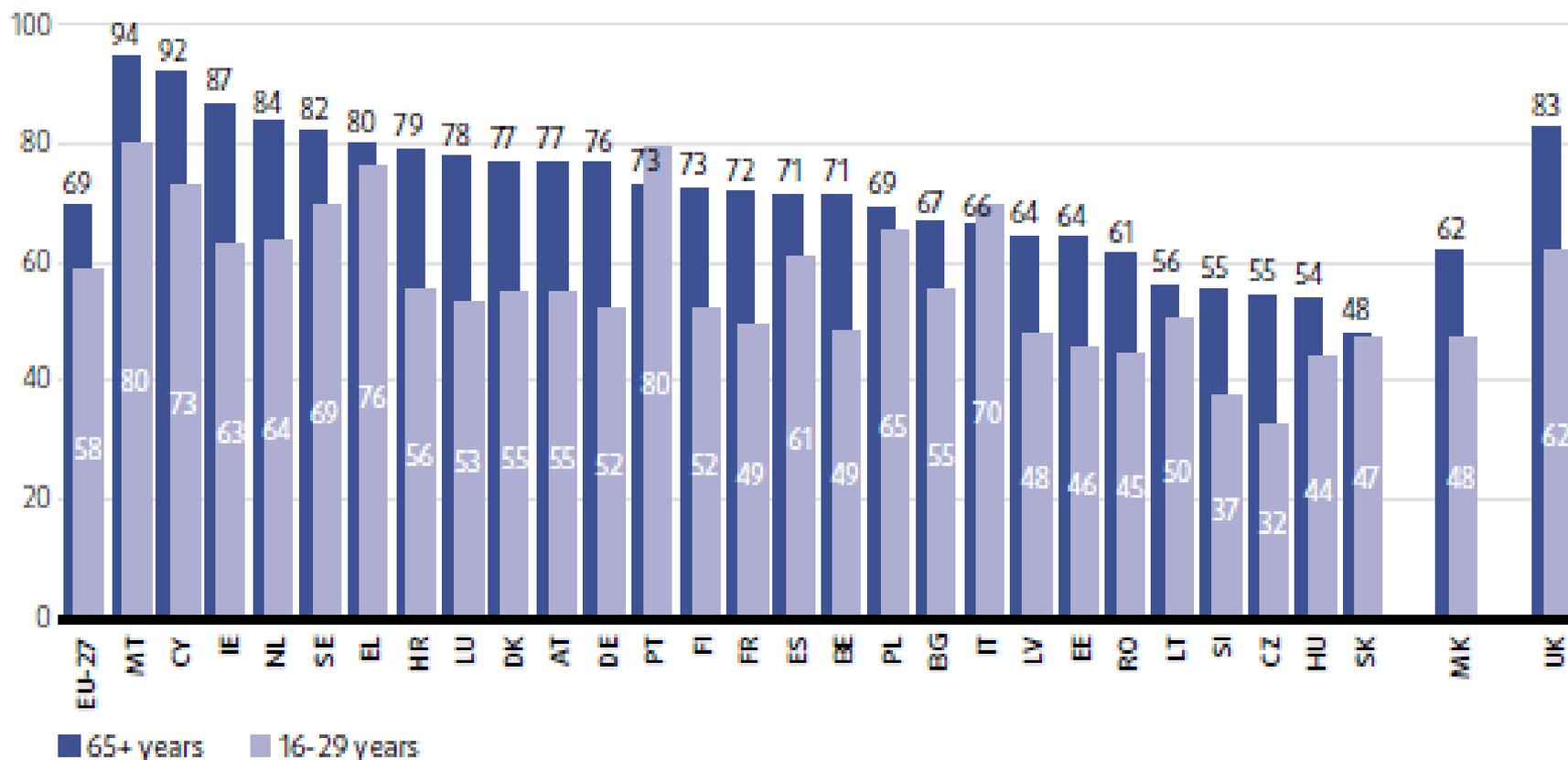


Přehled počtu obcí podle počtu obyvatel

Obce s počtem obyvatel	Počet obcí	Počet obcí (v kumulaci)	% celkové populace	% celkové populace (v kumulaci)
0-100	557	557	0.4	0.4
101-200	1 086	1 643	1.6	2.0
201-300	890	2 533	2.1	4.1
301-1500	2 850	5 383	18.4	22.5
1 501-5 000	592	5 975	14.8	37.3
5 001-10 000	137	6 112	9.1	46.4
10 001-20 000	68	6 180	9.3	55.8
20 001-30 000	28	6 208	6.8	62.6
30 001-40 000	9	6 217	3.1	65.7
40 001-50 000	5	6 222	2.3	68.0
50 001-100 000	16	6 238	11.3	79.3
100 001-150 000	1	6 239	1.0	80.3
150 000 a více	3	6 242	8.2	88.5
Praha	1	6 243	11.5	100.0

Role opozice

FIGURE 11: CONSIDERING FREEDOM OF OPPOSITION PARTIES TO CRITICISE THE GOVERNMENT TO BE OF HIGH IMPORTANCE, PEOPLE AGED 16-29 YEARS AND 65 YEARS AND OVER, BY COUNTRY (%) ⁴³



Source: FRA, Fundamental Rights Survey 2019 [Data collection in cooperation with CBS (NL), CTIE (LU) and Statistics Austria (AT)]

Post/moderní kritika modernizace

- Pokrok není nevyhnutelný! Regres je naopak pravděpodobný/nevyhnutelný (**ústup evolucionismus**), vědomí rizik (Beck)
- Co to vlastně je „pokrok“? K čemu směřujeme? Jak lze měřit? (**rozpad teleologie**)
- Přispívá vědění k pokroku lidstva? Nemůže taky škodit? Růst skepse (**reflexivita vědění**)
- Jaká je role Západu? (**ztráta privilegované pozice**), pád kolonialismu, přijetí multi-kulturalismu, nová sociální hnutí ...



Opakování POJMŮ

- Tradiční x moderní
- Archaická, primitivní)-:
- Polo/moderní společnosti
- Modernizace: jednoduchá x reflexivní
- Postmoderní společnost
- Časoprostorové rozpojení
- Vyvazující mechanismy
 - symbolické znaky
 - expertní systémy

Stages of Transitions

(Ernest Gellner)

- Viennese situation (1815): 1. ZONE
- Age of Irredentism: 2. ZONE
 - GERMANY 1871, ITALY 1866, 1870 (RISORGIMENTO)
- Versailles (Wilson) System: 3. ZONE
 - 1918, self-determination
- Ethnic Cleansing: 4. ZONE
 - 1945/46, 1989 – 1992 (USSR, Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia)
- Attenuation (?)

Gellner – 4 time zones (West – East direction)

„Modern forces inevitably have been working towards the confluence of political and cultural borders, towards merging political and cultural units.“

1. ZONE (*Europe 1800*)

Marriage of state and culture has been achieved during early modernity (age of enlightenment)

States survived the Middle Ages – continuity of independent statehood {7 states) – politically and culturally integrated. The process of integration lasted centuries.



2. ZONE (*Europe 1900*)



Marriage of state and culture has been achieved in the second half of 19th century

Germany : 1871 Bismarck

Italy: Risorgimento – the period of liberation and political unification of Italy 1866/1870

(Mazzini, Garibaldi)

No state continuity but other preconditions existed - culturally integrated, political fragmentation – high culture

Greece: independence war
1821-1829 (1832)

Bulgaria, Romania, Serbia 1878

3. ZONE (*Europe 1918*)

East Central Europe, 1918-1923



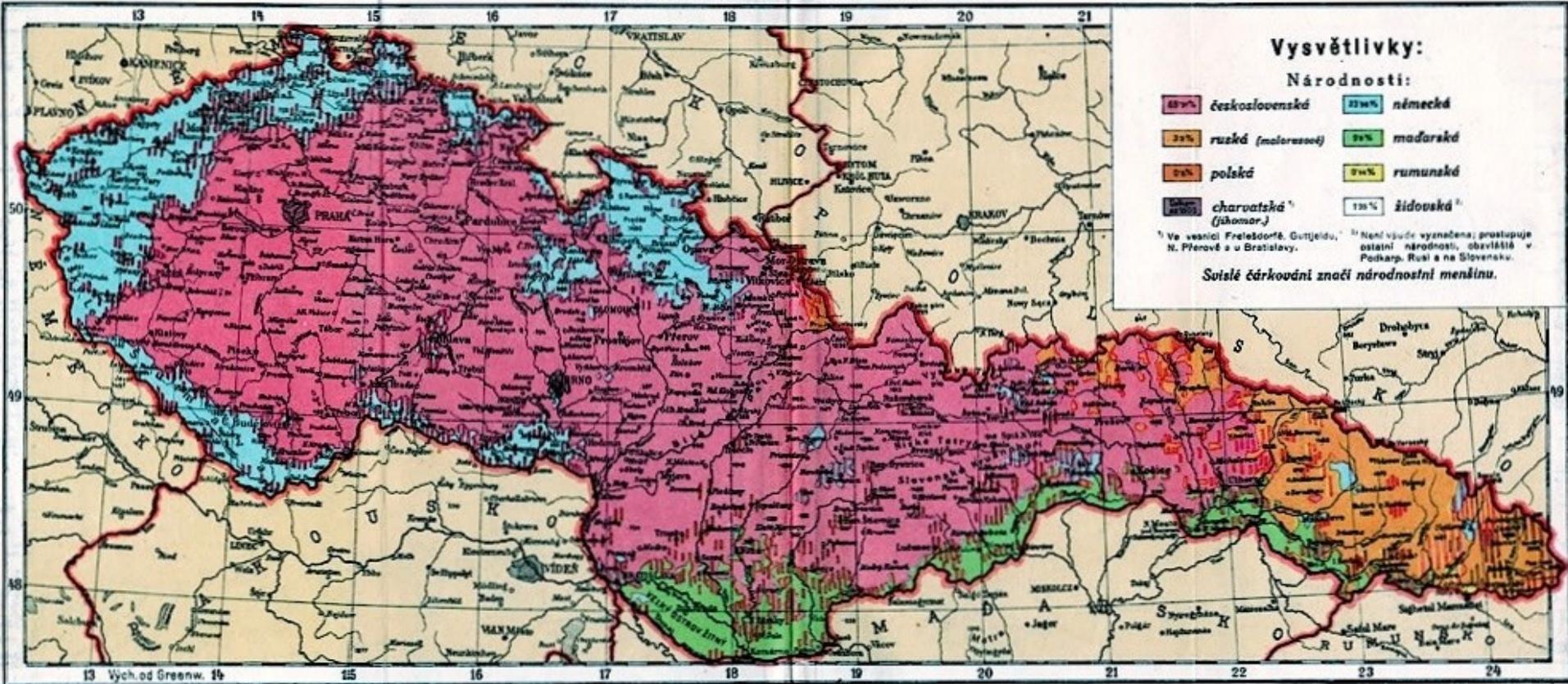
Political + cultural fragmentation, many dialects, it was not always obvious what was a new language and what was only regional dialects (Slavonic languages), linguistic lines were very blurred.

Many of these states became independent after 1st world war – principle of self-determination.

No statehood but remnant {partly remaining} and functioning institutions in multi-ethnic state {Habsburg Empire} – C, H, P, Norway



REPUBLIKA ČESKOSLOVENSKÁ. POMĚRY NÁRODNOSTNÍ.



Die sudetendeutschen Heimatvertriebenen und ihre Aufnahmeländer

(Ergebnis der Volkszählung vom 13. September 1950)



4. ZONE (*Europe 2000+*)

No tradition of independent statehood at all {Slovakia, Slovenia, Finland, Estonia} - orientation towards cultural/folklore history.

The spread of bolshevism repressed the national emancipation movements

USSR – Ukraine, Baltic States

Yugoslavia – Slovenia, Croatia, Monte Negro, Macedonia ...

